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fluid ounce —— fluting



flute

chanics concerned with the properties of gases and liquids.

fluid ounce n. 1. A unit of volume or capacity in the US Customary System, used in liquid measure, equal to 29.57 milliliters (1.804 cubic inches). 2. A unit of volume or capacity in the British Imperial System, used in liquid and dry measure, equal to 28.41 milliliters (1.734 cubic inches).

fluke (flook) n. 1. Any of various flatfishes, esp. a flounder of the genus Paralichthys. 2. See trematode. [ME < OE floc. See

plāk-¹ in App.]
fluke² (flook) n. 1. Nautical The triangular blade at the end of an arm of an anchor, designed to catch in the ground. 2. A barb or barbed head, as on an arrow. 3. Either of the two horizontally flattened divisions of a whale's tail. [Poss. < FLUKE¹.]

fluke<sup>3</sup> (flook) n. 1. A stroke of good luck. 2. A chance occurrence; an accident. 3. Games An accidentally good or successful stroke

in billiards or pool. [?]
fluk•y also fluk•ey (floo'ke) adj. -i•er, -i•est 1. Resulting from or depending on mere chance. 2. Constantly shifting; uncertain. [< FLUKE³.] —fluk'i•ly adv. —fluk'i•ness n.

flume (floom) n. 1. A narrow gorge, usu. with a stream flowing through it. 2. An open artificial channel or chute carrying a stream of water, as for conveying logs. 3. A small swimming pool designed with a propeller or pump to generate a current, allowing a swimmer to swim in place. [ME flum, river < OFr. < Lat. flumen < fluere, to flow.]

flum·mer·y (flum/a-rē) n., pl. -ies 1. Meaningless or deceptive language; humbug. 2a. Any of several soft, sweet, bland foods, such as custard. b. A sweet gelatinous pudding made by straining boiled oatmeal or flour. c. A soft dessert of stewed, thickened fruit, often mixed with a grain such as rice. [Welsh llymru, soft jelly from sour oatmeal.]

flum·mox (flum/aks) tr.v. -moxed, -mox·ing, -mox·es Informal To confuse; perplex. [Prob. of E. dialectal orig.]

flung (flung) v. Past tense and past participle of fling.
flu•ni•traz•e•pam (floo'ni-trāz'ə-pam) n. An illegal sedative
drug, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, known for its use as a date-rape drug.
[FLU(ORO)-+ NITR(O)-+ (DI)AZEPAM.]

flunk (flungk) Informal v. flunked, flunk•ing, flunks—intr. To fail, esp. in a course or an examination.—tr. 1. To fail (an examination or course). 2. To give a failing grade to. • n. 1. The act or an instance of flunking. 2. A failing grade.—phrasal verb: flunk out To expel or be expelled from a school or course because of work below standard. [?]—flunk/er n.

flun•ky also flun•key (flung/ke) n., pl. -kies also -keys 1. A person of slavish or unquestioning obedience; a lackey. 2. One who does menial or trivial work; a drudge. 3. A liveried manservant. [Sc., perh. < FLANKER, an attendant at one's flank.] —flun/ky•

flu•or (floo/or', -ar) n. See fluorite. [NLat., mineral belonging to a group used as fluxes < Lat., a flowing < fluere, to flow.]

fluor- pref. Variant of fluoro-.
fluoresce (floo-res', flo-, flo-) intr.v. -resced, -rescoing, -rescoing are To undergo, produce, or show fluorescence. [Back-formation < FLUORESCENCE.] —fluorescence.

fluo•res•ce•in (floo-res/ē-in, flo-, flo-) n. A compound,  $C_{20}H_{12}O_{5}$ , that exhibits intense fluorescence in alkaline solution and is used in medicine and to trace water flow.

fluo-res-cence (floo-res'ans, flo-, flo-) n. 1. The emission of electromagnetic radiation, esp. of visible light, stimulated in a substance by the absorption of incident radiation and persisting only as long as the stimulating radiation is continued. 2. The property of emitting such radiation. 3. The radiation so emitted. [FLUOR(SPAR) + -ESCENCE.]

fluo•res•cent (floo-res/ənt, flo-, flo-) adj. 1a. Of or relating to fluorescence. b. Exhibiting or produced by fluorescence: fluorescent plankton. 2. Glowing as if with fluorescence; vivid: fluorescent plankton.

cent colors.  $\diamondsuit$  n. A fluorescent lamp. fluorescent lamp n. A lamp that produces visible light by fluorescence, esp. a glass tube whose inner wall is coated with a material that fluoresces when an electrical current causes a vapor within the tube to discharge electrons.

fluor\*i\*date (floor\*i-dat\*, flor\*-, flor\*-) tr.v. -dat\*ed, -dat\*ing, -dates To add a fluorine compound to (a drinking water supply, for example) for the purpose of reducing tooth decay. —fluor\*i\*da\*tion n.

fluor-ide (floor/id', flor/-, flor/-) n. A binary compound of fluorine with another element. [FLUOR(INE) + -IDE.] fluor-i-na-tion (floor/i-na/shan, flor/-, flor/-) n. A chemical

reaction that introduces fluorine into a compound.

fluor•ine (floor/en', -in, flor/-, flor/-) n. Symbol F A highly corrosive poisonous gaseous halogen element, the most reactive of all the elements, used in a wide variety of industrially important compounds. Atomic number 9: atomic weight 18.9984; melting point -223°C; boiling point -188.14°C; specific gravity of liquid 1.108 (at boiling point); valence 1. See table at element.

1.108 (at boiling point); valence 1. See table at element.

fluor\*ite (floor\*it', flor\*-, flor\*-) n. A mineral, CaF<sub>2</sub>, that is often fluorescent in ultraviolet light.

fluoro- or fluor- pref. 1. Fluorine: fluorosis. 2. Fluorescence: fluoroscope. [< FLUORINE and < FLUORI.]

fluoroscope. (< FLUORISF and < FLUORISF and C FLUOR

some or all hydrogen atoms, used in acrosol propellants and frigerants and in making plastics and resins.

fluor-o-chem-i-cal (floor/o-kem'i-kəl, flor/-, flor/-) n. Any of group of fluorescent dyes used to stain biological speciment fluo-rog-ra-phy (floo-rog/ra-fe, flo-, flo-) n. See photoflus

fluoromeeter (floorom/i-tər, flo-, flo-) n. An instrument detect and measure fluorescence. —fluorom/e-try n. fluoro-scope (floor/a-skop/, flor/-, flor/-) n. An x-ray detect and measure fluorescence on which the internal are equipped with a fluorescent screen on which the internal are tures of an optically opaque object may be continuously varied as shadowy images. • tr.v. -scoped, -scop-ing, -scopes luor amine the interior of (an object) with a fluoroscope. —fluore-scop/ic (-skop/ik) adj.

fluo•ros•co•py (floo-ros/kə-pē, flo-, flo-) n., pl. -pies have nation by means of a fluoroscope. —fluo•ros/co•pist n fluo•ro•sis (floo-ro/sis, flo-, flo-) n. An abnormal conductated by excessive intake of fluorine, characterized thiefly mottling of the teeth. —fluo•rot/ic (-rot/ik) adj.

fluor • o • u • ra • cil (floor 'o • yoor 'a • sil, flor '-, flor '-) n. An anter oplastic agent, C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>3</sub>FN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, used esp. in the treatment of cares of the skin, breast, and digestive system.

flu•or•spar (floo/ər-spär', floor/spär') n. See fluorite.
flu•ox•e•tine hydrochloride (floo'ŏk'sĭ-tēn') n. An oral me
depressant that enhances the activity of serotonin in the communeryous system. [Prob. FLU(ORO)— + alteration of OXY- + 1(n))
+ (AM)INE.]

flur-ry (flûr/e, flûr/e) n., pl. -ries 1. A brief light snowfall 26 4 sudden gust of wind. b. A stirring mass, as of dust; a shown \$\frac{1}{2}\$ A sudden burst or commotion; a stir. 4. A short period of trading, as on a stock exchange. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ v. -ried, -ry-ing, -ries = 1 \frac{1}{2}\$ agitate, stir, or confuse. —intr. To move or come down \$\frac{1}{2}\$ flurry. [Perh. < flurr, to scatter.]

flush (flush) v. flushed, flush ing, flush es —intr. 1. le in red, as from fever, embarrassment, or strong emotion: blue 1 To glow, esp. with a reddish color. 3. To flow suddenly and and dantly, as from containment; flood. 4. To be emptired or clean by a rapid flow of water, as a toilet. -tr. 1. To cause to rede or glow. 2. To excite or elate. 3a. To clean, rinse, or empty a rapid flow of a liquid, esp. water. b. To remove or climina. or as if by flushing.  $\diamondsuit$  n. 1a. A flooding flow or rush, as of said b. The act of cleaning or rinsing by or as if by flushing. 2. A thank or glow. 3a. A reddening of the skin, as with fever or exerting A brief sensation of heat over all or part of the body. 4. A THE strong feeling. 5. A state of freshness or vigor. • adi fluide flush-est 1. Having a healthy reddish color; flushed. 2. healthy an abundant supply of money; affluent. 3. Marked by dance; plentiful. 4. Swelling; overflowing. 5a. Having surling. the same plane; even. b. Arranged with adjacent sides, when or edges close together. c. Printing Aligned evenly with a man as along an edge of a typeset page; not indented. 6. straightforward, or solid. 7. Designed to be emptied or designed by flushing. 4 adv. 1. So as to be even, in one plane, or with a margin. 2. Squarely or solidly. [Prob. < 11158], 10 5 out.] —flush'er n. —flush'ness n.

flush<sup>2</sup> (flush) n. Games A hand in which all the cards at a same suit but not in numerical sequence. [Fr. flux, that flux < Lat. fluxus, flux. See FLUX.]

flux < Lat. fluxus, flux. See FLUX.]

flush³ (flush) v. flushed, flush•ing, flush•es—tr. 1, To the

(a game bird, for example) from cover. 2. To drive or to the open. —intr. To dart out or fly from cover. • n A life

flock of birds that has been frightened from cover. [Mileston]

Flush ing (flush ing) 1. A section of New York City in No. on W Long I.; site of two world's fairs (1939–40 and 1964)

flus ter (flus tar) tr. & intr.v. tered, ter ing, ters la become nervous or upset. In A state of agitation, confidence excitement: traffic that put the driver in a fluster. In MI fluster (floot) n. 1. Music a. A high-pitched woodward matter (floot) n. 1. Music a. A high-pitched woodward matter consisting of a slender tube closed at one end with key ger holes on the side and an opening near the closed which the breath is blown. b. Any of various annular woodwind instruments, such as the recorder. 2a. At all long, usu, rounded groove incised as a decorative motion on a piece of furniture. 3. A tall narrow wineglass flut ing, flutes—tr. 1. Atusic To play ta tune) of a flux of the produce in a flux of the contract of the produce in a flux of the contract of the produce in a flux of the contract of the produce in a flux of the contract of the produce in a flux of the contract of the contract of the produce in a flux of the contract of the contract of the produce in a flux of the contract of the c

flut-ing, flutes —tr. 1. Music To play to tune) of a flutelike tone. 3. To make flutes in a example). —intr. 1. Music To play a flute. 2. To subsect with a flutelike tone. [ME floate & Obj. that cal flaüt, perh. a blend of flaujol, flageolet (). Vlat see FLAGEOLET) and laut, lute; see IUTL<sup>1</sup>.] —flut'et a flutty adj.

flut ing (floorting) n. 1a. Architecture A decoration sisting of a series of uniform, usu, vertical flutes be incising or making grooves. 2. The grooves tormost pleats in cloth.

st (floo/tist) n. One wh (flüt/ər) v. -tered, rapidly in an irregular : To fly by a quick ! wings without flying. 3. remulous flight. 4. To move quickly in a To cause to flutter stion of nervous exciten A Pathology Abnormally orides of the heart. 5. h reproduction resulting reding or reproducing ec ME floteren Agrer er n. —flut/ter ) kick n. A swimming i the legs are extended and down.

(floo/ve-al) adi. 1. e green. 2. Produced by t Le flurialis < fluvius, rive va-tile (floo/ve-a-til/ Andus river. See FLUVIAL. (floks) n. 1a. A flow or fi I flowing in of the tide of fluid material: every feces from the intesti. particles, or energy th ty. c. The lines of forc Costent or frequent change Wo A substance that aids, is in fusing or flowing, as welding, solde metals in a furnace to seroves the flow of plastics dissor enamel used as: the flux es —tr. 1. T. To become fluid. 2. p. part. of fluere, to sette n. Physics A detect

Man (fluk/shan) n. 1a.

And 2: Archaic a. See de

Archaic a. See de

Archaic a. fluxió, f

Archaic a. fluxión archa

here in flight, esp.: a. 1 winglike parts. b. T matpacecraft. 2a. To ris **To float** or fla, the air with great space of the start b. To flee; esca **河间。6. To be dissipated** Med (flid) Baseball To 1 Mission; burst: The drop the streptunce or approx To pilot (an aircraf **数额 aircraft or space**c To perform in a spa To avoid; shun. 💠 n and of cloth that cover front of trousers. b. ? had 3. A flap that co-A fly ball. 6a. The encily over the stage curtains, and escapilly British A on verb: fly at To a enged, let fly 1. To s on the fly 1. On the ME flien < OE fo

A files 1a. Any housefly. b. Any housefly. b. Any housefly. b. Any housefly. b. Any had file of the collision of the collisio



fly agaric Amanita muscaria



flycatcher great crested flycatcher Mylarchus crinitus



flying boat

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